=> d his nofile

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:28:46 ON 11 MAY 2006)
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:28:52 ON 11 MAY 2006
L1
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2
                QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L1
                D L1
L3
              0 SEA SSS SAM L1
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 13:56:24 ON 11 MAY 2006
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:11:12 ON 11 MAY 2006
                E US2003-646904/APPS
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US2003-646904/AP
L4
                SEL RN L4
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:11:34 ON 11 MAY 2006
L5
             18 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (114977-28-5/BI OR 15663-27-1/BI OR
                158181-47-6/BI OR 158181-54-5/BI OR 158181-56-7/BI OR 180288-69
                -1/BI OR 184475-35-2/BI OR 220127-57-1/BI OR 23214-92-8/BI OR
                33069-62-4/BI OR 3778-73-2/BI OR 41575-94-4/BI OR 50-18-0/BI
                OR 51-21-8/BI OR 53643-48-4/BI OR 57-22-7/BI OR 59-05-2/BI OR
                674799-35-0/BI)
L6
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON C43 H54 N2 O11/MF AND L5
                D RSD
              7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON NC2OC11NC2OC11/ES
L7
             51 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON NC2OC11NC2OC11/ESS
L8
                D SCAN L7
Ь9
             44 SEA ABB=ON
                            PLU=ON
                                    L8 NOT L7
                            PLU=ON
                                    NCOC2/ESS
L10
         387155 SEA ABB=ON
             37 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L9
L11
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:26:23 ON 11 MAY 2006
L12
             15 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11
     FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 14:27:19 ON 11 MAY 2006
L13
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L14
                QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
L15
             30 SEA SSS FUL L13
L16
             30 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 NOT L8
                D QUE
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:29:57 ON 11 MAY 2006
     FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 14:33:43 ON 11 MAY 2006
L17
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L18
                QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L17
             29 SEA SSS FUL L17
L19
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:35:53 ON 11 MAY 2006
     FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 14:48:13 ON 11 MAY 2006
L20
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L21
                QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L20
L22
             24 SEA SSS FUL L20
L23
                STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L24
                QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L23
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24 SEA SSS FUL L23

L25 ·

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| | FILE 'CAPLU | JS' ENTERED AT 14:54:51 ON 11 MAY 2006 |
|------------|-------------|---|
| L26 | 0 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND WIPF/AU |
| L27 | 2 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND WIPF?/AU D BIB 1-2 |
| L28 | 6 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 NOT (PY>2002 OR AY>2002 OR PRY>2002) E IRSCHIK H/AU |
| L29 | 88 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("IRSCHIK H"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBERT"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBERT DIPL BIOL"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBET"/AU) E JANSEN R/AU |
| L30 | 225 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("JANSEN R"/AU OR "JANSEN R A"/AU OR "JANSEN R C"/AU OR "JANSEN R E"/AU OR "JANSEN R F"/AU OR "JANSEN R H"/AU OR "JANSEN R H J"/AU OR "JANSEN R H S"/AU OR "JANSEN R J"/AU OR "JANSEN R J E"/AU OR "JANSEN R J J"/AU OR "JANSEN R K"/AU OR "JANSEN R L H"/AU OR "JANSEN R M W"/AU OR "JANSEN R P"/AU OR "JANSEN R P M"/AU OR "JANSEN R P S"/AU OR "JANSEN R T P"/AU OR "JANSEN R W M'/AU OR "JANSEN RALF P"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF PETER"/AU OR "JANSEN RALPH"/AU) |
| L31 | 72 | E SASSE F/AU SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SASSE F"/AU OR "SASSE F J"/AU OR "SASSE FLORENZ"/AU) E BAASNER S/AU |
| L32 | 22 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BAASNER S"/AU OR "BAASNER SIIKE"/AU OR "BAASNER SILKE"/AU) E GUNTER E/AU |
| L33 | 14 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("GUNTER E"/AU OR "GUNTER E J"/AU OR "GUNTER E N"/AU OR "GUNTER E W"/AU OR "GUNTER ECKHARD"/AU) |
| L34 | 2 | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33) AND L28 |
| L35 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L29 AND (L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33)) OR (L30 AND (L31 OR L32 OR L33)) OR (L31 AND (L32 OR L33)) OR (L32 AND L33) |
| L36 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DISORAZOL?/OBI |
| L37 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ONCOS?/OBI (L) (BENIGH/OBI OR MALIGN?/OBI OR CANCER?/OBI) |
| L38 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L36 OR L37) AND (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33) |
| L39 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 NOT L35 |
| L40 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BENIGN?/OBI |
| L41 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33) |
| L42 L43 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L39 OR L41) SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L42 OR L12) |
| L44 | | SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L43 NOT L41 |
| Daa | 13 | D QUE L12 |
| => Y | que 112 | |
| L7 | | SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON NC2OC11NC2OC11/ES |
| L8 | | SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON NC2OC11NC2OC11/ESS |
| L9 | | SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 NOT L7 |
| L10 | | SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON NCOC2/ESS |
| L11 | | SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L9 |
| L12 | 15 | SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 |

=> d ibib abs hitstr l12 tot

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:140060 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:246545

TITLE:

Cellular analysis of disorazole C1 and

structure-activity relationship of analogs of the

natural product

AUTHOR (S):

Wipf, Peter; Graham, Thomas H.; Vogt, Andreas;

Sikorski, Rachel P.; Ducruet, Alexander P.; Lazo, John

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Center for Chemical

Methodologies and Library Development, University of Pittsburgh Drug Discovery Institute, University of

Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, 15260, USA

SOURCE:

Chemical Biology & Drug Design (2006), 67(1), 66-73

CODEN: CBDDAL; ISSN: 1747-0277

PUBLISHER:

Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Structure-activity analyses of synthetic disorazole C1 and eight of its analogs indicate that the presence of a vinyl oxirane moiety or a tetraene sequence is not necessary for potent cytotoxic and antimitotic properties. Using an automated multiparameter fluorescence-based cellular assay to simultaneously probe the effects of disorazole analogs on cellular microtubules, mitotic arrest, and cytotoxicity, we found that disorazole C1 enhanced the mitotic index and chromatin condensation and arrested cells in the G2/M phase of the cell cycle. All structural analogs and synthesis precursors of disorazole C1 were at least two orders of magnitude less potent than the parent compound, thus indicating that both the functional group array and the three-dimensional conformation of the parent compound are critical for interaction with the biol. target. conclude that disorazole C1 is a potent inducer of mitotic arrest and hypothesize that this biol. activity may be mediated by microtubule perturbation.

158181-52-3, Disorazole Cl 809285-62-9 TΤ

809285-88-9 877475-91-7

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (cellular anal. of disorazole C1 and structure-activity relationship of analogs of the natural product)

158181-52-3 CAPLUS RN

3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione, 4,20-bis ((2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-, (4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24Z,26E,28R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

RN 809285-62-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,10,14(34),16,22,26,30(33),32-octaene-8,24-diyne-2,18-dione,
12,28-dimethoxy-4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-, (4S,6Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

PAGE 1-B

__0

RN 809285-88-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,10,14(34),16,22,26,30(33),32-octaene-8,24-diyne-2,18-dione,4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-,(4S,6Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

RN 877475-91-7 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-14(34),16,30(33),32-tetraene-2,18-dione, 4,20-bis[(2S)-2-hydroxy-1,1dimethylpentyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-, (4S,12S,20S,28S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1302742 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:192008

TITLE: Methanolysis Products of Disorazole A1

AUTHOR(S): Hearn, Brian R.; Arslanian, Robert L.; Fu, Hong; Liu,

Fenghua; Gramajo, Hugo; Myles, David C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Kosan Biosciences, Inc., Hayward, CA, 94545, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Natural Products (2006), 69(1), 148-150

CODEN: JNPRDF; ISSN: 0163-3864

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society-American Society of

Pharmacognosy

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI

AB Two new disorazole analogs were synthesized by acid-promoted methanolysis of disorazole A1. Structural elucidation of both products I (RR1 = bond, R2 = MeO; R = MeO, R1R2 = bond), through 1D and 2D NMR expts., verified that each resulted from epoxide cleavage. With antiproliferative activities in susceptible cell lines comparable to that of disorazole A1, these methanolysis products indicate that the C-9-C-10 epoxide is not an

essential structural component for biol. activity.

IT 158181-47-6

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(methanolysis of disorazole Al antitumor activity and

(methanolysis of disorazole A1, antitumor activity, and structure-activity relationship)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

IT 875292-06-1P 875292-07-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(methanolysis of disorazole A1, antitumor activity, and structure-activity relationship)

RN 875292-06-1 CAPLUS

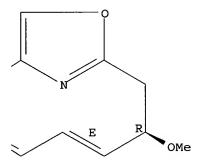
CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
24-hydroxy-4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,25-dimethoxy-, (4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24R,26E,28Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



RN 875292-07-2 CAPLUS

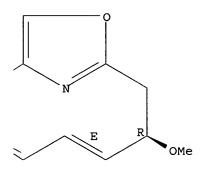
CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,25,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
24-hydroxy-4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,27-dimethoxy-, (4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24R,25E,28Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT:

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1024991 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:1150

TITLE:

The biosynthetic genes for disorazoles, potent

cytotoxic compounds that disrupt microtubule formation

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

Carvalho, Ruby; Reid, Ralph; Viswanathan, Nina;

Gramajo, Hugo; Julien, Bryan

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Kosan Biosciences, Inc., Hayward, CA, 94545, USA

Gene (2005), 359, 91-98

CODEN: GENED6; ISSN: 0378-1119

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB Disorazoles are polyketides produced by the myxobacterium Sorangium cellulosum So cel2. Their mode of action is to inhibit tubulin polymerization and destabilize microtubules. Using transposon mutagenesis, two mutant strains were identified that produced no disorazoles. Sequencing the DNA

flanking the insertions revealed a polyketide synthase gene cluster that

would encode three polypeptides, DszA, DszB, and DszC, with DszC containing both nonribosomal peptide synthetase and polyketide synthase modules. The disorazole polyketide synthase modules lack an acyltransferase domain. Instead, a sep. gene, dszD, encodes an AT protein, thus revealing that the disorazole gene cluster falls into the trans-AT Type I family of PKS enzymes.

IT 158181-47-6, Disorazole Al

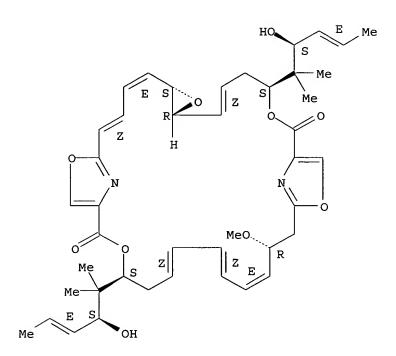
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (biosynthetic genes for disorazoles, potent cytotoxic compds. that disrupt microtubule formation)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.



REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:669790 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:455774

TITLE: Production of the tubulin destabilizer disorazol in

Sorangium cellulosum: Biosynthetic machinery and

regulatory genes

AUTHOR(S): Kopp, Maren; Irschik, Herbert; Pradella, Silke;

Mueller, Rolf

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Saarland University,

Saarbruecken, 66123, Germany

SOURCE:

ChemBioChem (2005), 6(7), 1277-1286

CODEN: CBCHFX; ISSN: 1439-4227

PUBLISHER:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

Myxobacteria show a high potential for the production of natural compds. that exhibit a wide variety of antibiotic, antifungal, and cytotoxic activities. The genus Sorangium is of special biotechnol. interest because it produces almost half of the secondary metabolites isolated from these microorganisms. We describe a transposon-mutagenesis approach to identifying the disorazol biosynthetic gene cluster in Sorangium cellulosum So ce12, a producer of multiple natural products. In addition to the highly effective disorazol-type tubulin destabilizers, S. cellulosum So cel2 produces sorangicins, potent eubacterial RNA polymerase inhibitors, bactericidal sorangiolides, and the antifungal chivosazoles. To obtain a transposon library of sufficient size suitable for the identification of the presumed biosynthetic gene clusters, an efficient transformation method was developed. We present here the first electroporation protocol for a strain of the genus Sorangium. The transposon library was screened for disorazol-neg. mutants. This approach led to the identification of the corresponding trans-acyltransferase core biosynthetic gene cluster together with a region in the chromosome that is likely to be involved in disorazol biosynthesis. A third region in the genome harbors another gene that is presumed to be involved in the

regulation of disorazol production A detailed anal. of the biosynthetic and

IT **158181-47-6**, Disorazole A1

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (genes involved in biosynthesis of disorazol A1 in Sorangium cellulosum)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione, 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

regulatory genes is presented in this paper.

REFERENCE COUNT: 72 THERE ARE 72 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:930309 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:74380

TITLE: Total Synthesis of (-)-Disorazole C1

AUTHOR(S): Wipf, Peter; Graham, Thomas H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Pittsburgh,

Pittsburgh, PA, 15260, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2004),

126(47), 15346-15347

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:74380

GI

(4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24Z,26E,28R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:366741 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:169363

TITLE: Structural and stereochemical diversity from

 (\pm) -2,2-dimethyl-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-one - application to the synthesis of polyketide segments

of natural products

AUTHOR(S): Vakalopoulos, Alexandros; Smits, Rene; Hoffmann, H.

Martin R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharma Research, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, 42096, Germany SOURCE: European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2002), (9),

E20 1EAF

1538-1545

CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:169363

AB The racemic title compound was transformed into both cyclic and acyclic segments of bioactive natural products, including the C10-C17 segment of pederin, the C12-C19 (C12'-C19') segment of disorazole and the C1-C9 segment of auriside. A methodol. for the opening of six-membered ring acetals, containing gem-di-Me groups, to δ -hydroxy-1,3-dithianes was developed.

IT 158181-47-6P, Disorazole Al

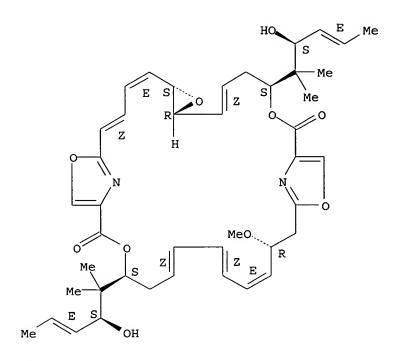
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of polyketide segments of pederin, disorazole and auriside from (±)-2,2-dimethyl-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-one involving the development of ring opening methodol. for six-membered ring acetals to δ-hydroxy-1,3-dithianes)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.



REFERENCE COUNT:

45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 20

2001:569995 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:331280

TITLE:

Studies on the Total Synthesis of Disorazole C1. An

Advanced Macrocycle Intermediate

AUTHOR (S):

Hillier, M. C.; Price, A. T.; Meyers, A. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University,

Fort Collins, CO, 80523, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Organic Chemistry (2001), 66(18), 6037-6045

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 135:331280

GI

AB Synthesis of protected tetradehydro-(6,6'-S)-(14,14'-S)-(16,16'-R)-disorazole (I), a potential precursor to the natural product disorazole C1, is described. Key features of this work include (a) an unprecedented sequential 1,5 O→O silyl rearrangement/Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons reaction used to construct (R,E,E)-MeCH=CHCH(OCMe3)CMe2CH=CHCO2Et, (b) a highly convergent Sonogashira reaction between the dienyl iodide (II) and the alkyne (R,S,E)-MeCH=CHCH(OSiMe2CMe3)CMe2CH(OH)CH2C.tplbond.CH to assemble the dienyne monomeric fragment, and (c) the selective cyclization to give either the cyclic monomer (III) or the dimer I.

IT 158181-52-3P, Disorazole C1

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of an advanced macrocyclic intermediate of disorazole C1)

RN 158181-52-3 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-,
(4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

IT 365217-54-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of an advanced macrocyclic intermediate of disorazole C1)

RN 365217-54-5 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-8,10,14(34),16,24,26,30(33),32-octaene-6,22-diyne-2,18-dione,
4,20-bis[(2R,3E)-2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-, (4S,8Z,10E,12S,20S,24Z,26E,28S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:303505 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:58648

The synthesis of the monomeric moiety of disorazole C1 TITLE:

Hillier, M. C.; Park, D. H.; Price, A. T.; Ng, R.; AUTHOR (S):

Meyers, A. I.

Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fort Collins, CO, 80523, USA

Tetrahedron Letters (2000), 41(16), 2821-2824 SOURCE:

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:58648

GI

The stereocontrolled synthesis of the monomeric subunit (I) of the AB macrolide dimer disorazole C1 has been accomplished by convergent coupling using the Stille method.

IT **158181-52-3P**, Disorazole C1

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of monomeric moiety of disorazole C1)

RN158181-52-3 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione, 4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-, (4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24Z,26E,28R) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

REFERENCE COUNT: 17

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L12 ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:333405 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:128225

TITLE: Disorazol A, an efficient inhibitor of eukaryotic

organisms isolated from myxobacteria

AUTHOR(S): Irschik, Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Gerth, Klaus; Hoefle,

Gerhard; Reichenbach, Hans

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biology Natural Products, Gesellschaft fuer

Biotechnologische Forschung, Braunschweig, D-38124,

Germany

SOURCE: Journal of Antibiotics (1995), 48(1), 31-5

CODEN: JANTAJ; ISSN: 0021-8820

PUBLISHER: Japan Antibiotics Research Association

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GI

AB A new antibiotic, disorazol (I), was isolated from the culture broth of the myxobacterium Sorangium cellulosum strain So ce 12. It is a macrocyclic compound containing two oxazole rings. The antibiotic acted against

many fungi and mammalian cell cultures. The latter responded to extremely low doses (MIC 3-30 pg/mL). None of the tested bacteria and yeasts were inhibited.

Ι

IT 158181-47-6P, Disorazol A

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation)

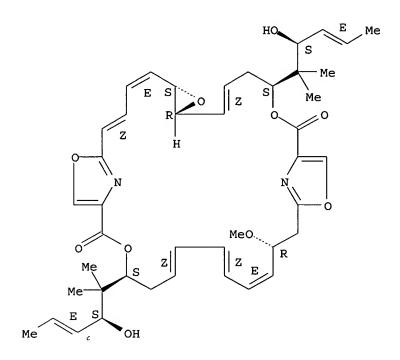
(disorazol A as new antibiotic from Sorangium cellulosum)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.



L12 ANSWER 15 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Journal

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:625972 CAPLUS

121:225972 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Antibiotics from gliding bacteria. LIX. Disorazoles, TITLE:

highly cytotoxic metabolites from the

sorangicin-producing bacterium Sorangium cellulosum,

strain So ce12

Jansen, Rolf; Irschik, Herbert; Reichenbach, Hans; Wray, Victor; Hoefle, Gerhard AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: GBF, Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnol. Forschung mbH,

Braunschweig, D-38124, Germany

SOURCE: Liebigs Annalen der Chemie (1994), (8), 759-73

CODEN: LACHDL; ISSN: 0170-2041

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

GI

Twenty-nine disorazoles A-H were isolated by solvent partitions and chromatog. separation from S. cellulosum, strain So cel2, the producer of the sorangicin antibiotics. The disorazoles proved to be highly cytotoxic and active against fungi. The structures of the main component disorazole Al (I) and 28 variants were elucidated by 2D-NMR and mass spectroscopy. The disorazoles are macrocyclic dilactones of 2 2-pentadecyloxazol-4-carboxylic acids, which are modified in their C chain by variation of the position and configuration of double bonds and O substituents like epoxide, OH, or Me ether groups. In addition to these, 3 disorazoles are ring-enlarged by lactonization to a more distant OH group. By feeding of 13C-enriched precursors, the biosynthetic origin of the C atoms in I was investigated. C-2 of the oxazole and the attached pentadecyl chain arise from acetate. The geminal Me groups and the MeO group are derived from the Me group of methionine.

IT 158181-47-6, Disorazole Al RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of Sorangium cellulosum, formation and isolation and structure of)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

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IT
      158181-48-7, Disorazole A2 158181-49-8, Disorazole B2
      158181-50-1, Disorazole B3 158181-51-2, Disorazole B4 158181-52-3, Disorazole C1 158181-53-4, Disorazole C2
      158181-54-5 158181-55-6 158181-56-7,
      Disorazole E1 158181-57-8, Disorazole F1 158181-58-9, Disorazole F2 158181-62-5, Disorazole H 158181-63-6,
      Disorazole I 158251-66-2, Disorazole A3 158251-67-3,
      Disorazole A4 158251-68-4, Disorazole A5 158251-69-5, Disorazole A6 158251-70-8, Disorazole A7 158251-71-9
      158251-72-0 158251-73-1 158251-74-2,
      Disorazole E2 158251-75-3, Disorazole E3 158251-76-4, Disorazole F3 158252-69-8, Disorazole B1
      RL: BIOL (Biological study)
          (of Sorangium cellulosum, isolation and structure of)
RN
      158181-48-7 CAPLUS
CN
      7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8] pentatriac
      onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
      20-hydroxy-12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
      NAME)
```

RN 158181-49-8 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,10,12,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
8,9,24,25-tetrahydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-50-1 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),19,21,26,32-decaene-14,31-dione, 12,29-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-51-2 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),19,21,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 23,24-dihydroxy-12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-52-3 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-,
(4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

RN 158181-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,25,27,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12,24-dimethoxy- (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

RN 158181-54-5 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
24,25-dihydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12-methoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
25-hydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12,24-dimethoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-56-7 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),21,26,32-nonaene-14,31-dione, 12,29-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-57-8 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,12,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-undecaene-2,18-dione,4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-28-methoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-58-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,12,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-undecaene-2,18-dione,
28-hydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-62-5 CAPLUS

CN 3,7,10,17,21,33-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.116,19.06,8.09,11]hex atriaconta-12,14,16(36),18,24,26,28,32(35),34-nonaene-2,20-dione, 4,22-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-30-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158181-63-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 28-(1,1-dimethyl-2-oxopentyl)-12-(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20 methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-66-2 CAPLUS

RN 158251-67-3 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

RN 158251-68-4 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

RN 158251-69-5 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione, 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-70-8 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac
 onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione,
 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

RN 158251-71-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
24,25-dihydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12-methoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-72-0 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
24,25-dihydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12-methoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-73-1 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione,
25-hydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12,24-dimethoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-74-2 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),21,26,32-nonaene-14,31-dione, 12,29-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-75-3 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),21,26,32-nonaene-14,31-dione, 12,29-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158251-76-4 CAPLUS CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,12,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-undecaene-2,18-dione, 4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-28-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 158252-69-8 CAPLUS
CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h
exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),19,21,26,32-decaene-14,31-dione,
12,29-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d que 135 88 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("IRSCHIK H"/AU OR "IRSCHIK L29 HERBERT"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBERT DIPL BIOL"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBET"/AU) 225 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("JANSEN R"/AU OR "JANSEN R L30 A"/AU OR "JANSEN R C"/AU OR "JANSEN R E"/AU OR "JANSEN R F"/AU OR "JANSEN R H"/AU OR "JANSEN R H J"/AU OR "JANSEN R H S"/AU OR "JANSEN R J"/AU OR "JANSEN R J E"/AU OR "JANSEN R J J"/AU OR "JANSEN R K"/AU OR "JANSEN R L H"/AU OR "JANSEN R M W"/AU OR "JANSEN R P"/AU OR "JANSEN R P M"/AU OR "JANSEN R P S"/AU OR "JANSEN R T P"/AU OR "JANSEN R W"/AU OR "JANSEN R W M"/AU OR "JANSEN R W M M"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF P"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF PETER"/AU OR "JANSEN RALPH"/AU) 72 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SASSE F"/AU OR "SASSE F L31 J"/AU OR "SASSE FLORENZ"/AU) 22 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BAASNER S"/AU OR "BAASNER L32 SIIKE"/AU OR "BAASNER SILKE"/AU) L33 14 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("GUNTER E"/AU OR "GUNTER E J"/AU OR "GUNTER E N"/AU OR "GUNTER E W"/AU OR "GUNTER ECKHARD" / AU) 13 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L29 AND (L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L35 L33)) OR (L30 AND (L31 OR L32 OR L33)) OR (L31 AND (L32 OR L33)) OR (L32 AND L33)

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L35 ANSWER 1 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252340 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:264487

TITLE: Medicaments containing disorazoles and derivatives

thereof for the treatment of benign and malignant

tumors

INVENTOR(S): Irschik, Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Sasse,

Florenz; Baasner, Silke; Schmidt,

Peter; Gunther, Eckhard
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zentaris GmbH, Germany
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| | | | | | | | | | APPLICATION NO. | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|------|-----|-----|-------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|----------|----------|----------|-----|------|-----|
| | WO 2004024149 | | | | | | WO 2003-EP9329 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | , ID, | | | | | | |
| | | LT, | LV, | MK, | MX, | NO, | NZ, | PH, | PL, | RU | , SG, | UA, | UZ, | YU, | za | | |
| | RW: | AM, | ΑZ, | BY, | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM | , AT, | BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, |
| | | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | ΙE | , IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | RO, | SE, |
| | | SI, | SK, | TR | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CA | 2438 | 001 | | | AA | | 2004 | 0224 | . (| CA | 2003- | 2438 | 001 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| AU | 2003 | 2968 | 72 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0430 | | AU | 2003- | 2968 | 72 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| US | US 2004106662 | | | | A1 20040603 | | | | US 2003-646904 | | | | | 20030822 | | | |
| EP | EP 1536789 | | | | A1 20050608 | | | EP 2003-794920 | | | | 20030822 | | | | | |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR | , IT, | LI, | LU, | NL, | SE, | MC, | PT, |
| | | ΙE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FI, | RO, | MK, | CY, | TR | , BG, | CZ, | EE, | HU, | SK | | |
| BR | BR 2003013789 | | | | Α | 20050705 | | | BR 2003-13789 | | | | 20030822 | | | | |
| CN | CN 1678310 | | | | Α | 20051005 | | | | CN 2003-820093 | | | | 20030822 | | | |
| | 2006 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0030 | 822 |
| ZA | 2005 | 0011 | 96 | | Α | | 2005 | 0901 | | ZA | 2005- | 1196 | | | 2 | 0050 | 210 |
| NO | 2005 | 0014 | 44 | | Α | | 2005 | 0519 | | NO | 2005- | 1444 | | | 2 | 0050 | 318 |
| PRIORIT | PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | | | | | • | US | 2002- | 4055 | 94P | 1 | P 2 | 0020 | 824 |
| | | | | | | | | | 1 | WO | 2003- | EP93 | 29 | 1 | W 2 | 0030 | 822 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:264487

AB The invention discloses disorazole compds. which are used as medicaments, preferably in the treatment of tumors, especially in the case of drug resistance

and in metastasizing carcinoma. Possible uses thereof are not restricted to tumor diseases.

IC ICM A61K031-424

ICS C07D498-22; C07D498-18

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:620373 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:124294

TITLE: Pharmaceutically active macrocycles
INVENTOR(S): Gerth, Klaus; Hoefle, Gerhard; Irschik,
Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Karama, Usama; Kunze,
Brigitte; Leibold, Thomas; Reichenbach, Hans;
Sasse, Florenz; Schinner, Marc; Soeker, Udo;

Steinmetz, Heinrich; Vollbrecht, Larissa; Washausen,

Peter; Heusser, Christoph; Oberer, Lukas

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.,

Switz.

SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 17 pp.

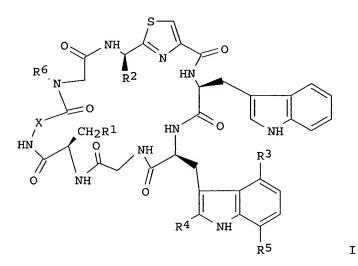
CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | | |
|------------------------|--------|------------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| GB 2367553 | A1 | 20020410 | GB 2000-21649 | 20000904 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | GB 2000-21649 | 20000904 | | |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | MARPAT | 137:124294 | | | | |
| GI | | | | | | |



- AB Compds. (I) are claimed, wherein R1, R2, and R3 independently are H, C1-C4 alkyl which is substituted or unsubstituted by OH, or C1-C4 alkoxy; R4 is H, halogen, C1-C4 alkyl which is substituted or unsubstituted by OH, or C1-C4 alkoxy; R5 is H or halogen; R6 is H or C1-C4 alkyl; and X is C=CH2 or CHR6 wherein R6 is C1-C4 alkyl which is substituted or unsubstituted by -S-C1-C4 alkyl. Compds. I are useful against autoimmune disorders or diseases.
- IC ICM C07D513-08 ICS A61K031-429
- ICA A61P003-10; A61P011-06; A61P013-00; A61P017-00; A61P029-00; A61P037-00
- ICI C07D513-08, C07D259-00, C07D277-00
- CC 16-2 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 15

L35 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:52420 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:52420

TITLE: Thiangazole for treatment of viral diseases

INVENTOR(S): Hunsmann, Gerhard; Jurkiewicz, Elke; Reichenbach,

Hans; Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus; Irschik, Herbert; Kunze, Brigitte; Sasse, Florenz

; Hoefle, Gerhard; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung mbH,

Germany; Deutsches Primatenzentrum GmbH

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
WO 9211008 A1 19920709 WO 1991-EP2504 19911223

W: JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE

DE 4041687 C1 19920813 DE 1990-4041687 19901224 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1990-4041687 A 19901224 GI

AB Thiangazole (I) is useful for the treatment of viral diseases (e.g. HIV virus). Thus, I was isolated by extraction of Polyangium cell mass with acetone and purification by medium-pressure chromatog. The antiviral activity of I at 0.047 nM was demonstrated. The selectivity index was also determined

IC ICM A61K031-425 ICS C07D417-14

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)

L35 ANSWER 4 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:632213 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:232213

TITLE: Manufacture of fenalamides for treatment of viral

infections

INVENTOR(S): Hunsmann, Gerhard; Jurkiwicz, Elke; Reichenbach, Hans;

Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus; Irschik, Herbert; Kunze, Brigitte; Sasse, Florenz; Hoefle,

Gerhard; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.

(GBF), Germany; Deutsches Primatenzentrum G.m.b.H.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 8 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| DE 4041688 | A1 | 19920709 | DE 1990-4041688 | 19901224 |
| DE 4041688 | C2 | 19930225 | | |
| WO 9211004 | A1 | 19920709 | WO 1991-EP2503 | 19911223 |
| W: JP. US | | | | |

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1990-4041688 A 19901224

GI

AB Fenalamides (e.g. I) are manufactured by cultures of Myxococcus stipitatus DSM6259 for use in the treatment of viral infections. Fenalamides are manufactured in cultures in a complete medium containing an adsorbent resin. The

fenalamides are eluted from the resin with MeOH and extracted after concentration $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +$

with ${\tt EtOAc}$ and final purification by HPLC using a gradient of aqueous ${\tt MeOH}$ to elute

the fractions. Fenalamides were shown to inhibit HIV-1 replication.

IC ICM A61K031-165 ICS C12P013-02

CC 16-2 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 10, 25

L35 ANSWER 5 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:626295 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:226295

TITLE: Thiangazole, its preparation, compositions, and use

thereof

INVENTOR(S):
Hoefle, Gerhard; Bedorf, Norbert; Forche, Edgar;

Gerth, Klaus; Irschik, Herbert; Jansen,

Rolf; Kunze, Brigitte; Reichenbach, Hans; Sasse,

Ι

Florenz; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.,

Germany; Ciba-Geigy A.-G.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PAT | CENT : | NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | | I | APPL | ICAT | ION : | NO. | | D | ATE | |
|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|----|-------|------|-----|------|------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| WO | 9211 | 258 | | | A1 | | 1992 | 0709 | 1 | NO 1 | 991- | EP23 | 36 | | 1: | 9911 | 206 |
| | W: | AU, | BB, | BG, | BR, | CA | , CS, | FI, | HU, | JP, | KP, | KR, | LK, | MG, | MN, | MW, | NO, |
| | | PL, | RO, | SD, | SU, | US | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RW: | ΑT, | BE, | BF, | ВJ, | CF | , CG, | CH, | CI, | CM, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GA, | GB, | GN, |
| | | GR, | IT, | LU, | MC, | ML | , MR, | NL, | SE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | | | | |
| CA | 2097 | 594 | | | AA | | 1992 | 0625 | (| CA 1 | 991- | 2097 | 594 | | 1 | 9911 | 204 |
| ΑU | 9190 | 369 | | | A1 | | 1992 | 0722 | 1 | AU 1 | 991- | 9036 | 9 | | 1 | 9911 | 206 |
| ΑU | 6594 | 23 | | | B2 | | 1995 | 0518 | | | | | | | | | |
| ΕP | 5644 | 79 | | | A1 | | 1993 | 1013 |] | EP 1 | 992- | 9002 | 44 | | 1 | 9911 | 206 |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK | , ES, | FR, | GB, | GR, | IT, | LI, | LU, | MC, | NL, | SE | |
| HU | 6433 | 7 | | | A2 | | 1993 | 1228 | 1 | HU 1 | 993- | 1854 | | | 1 | 9911 | 206 |

| JP 06504197 | T2 | 19940519 | JP | 1991-500363 | | 19911206 |
|------------------------|----|----------|----|--------------|----|----------|
| BR 9107189 | Α | 19940927 | BR | 1991-7189 | | 19911206 |
| US 5604249 | Α | 19970218 | US | 1995-487382 | | 19950607 |
| US 5610038 | Α | 19970311 | US | 1995-487385 | | 19950607 |
| US 5622979 | A | 19970422 | US | 1995-487384 | | 19950607 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | DE | 1990-4041685 | Α | 19901224 |
| | | | WO | 1991-EP2336 | Α | 19911206 |
| | | | US | 1993-78159 | В3 | 19930917 |
| | | | US | 1994-286309 | B3 | 19940805 |

GI

Me

AB Compds. I and especially II (referred to as thiangazole), and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are provided, as are processes for their preparation, therapeutic, pesticide, and crop-protection compns. containing

Me

them. Thiangazole was isolated from cultures of Polyangium Pl 3007 and characterized. The anthelmintic activity of thiangazole is described (e.g. in nematode-infested sheep and in pea seedlings infested with Aphis craccivora), as are a variety of formulations (dusts, granules, tablets, injections, etc.).

IC ICM C07D417-14

ICS C07D413-14; C12P017-16; A61K031-425; A61K031-42; A01N043-78; A01N043-76; A01N063-02

ICI C07D417-14, C07D277-00, C07D263-00

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 5, 10, 16, 63

L35 ANSWER 6 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:571426 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:171426

TITLE: phenoxan, a method for its preparation and its use as

antibiotic, fungicide and parasiticide

INVENTOR(S): Reichenbach, Hans; Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus;

Irschik, Herbert; Kunze, Brigitte; Sasse,
Florenz; Hoefle, Gerhard; Bedorf, Norbert;

Me

II

Jansen, Rolf; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.

(GBF), Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 5 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

A 19911218

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE --------------DE 1990-4041282 DE 4041282 **A**1 19920702 19901221 19920709 WO 1991-EP2440 WO 9211257 Α1 19911218 W: AU, CA, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE 19920722 AU 9190688 A1 AU 1991-90688 19911218 ZA 9110053 19920826 ZA 1991-10053 19911220 Α PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1990-4041282 A 19901221

WO 1991-EP2440

GI

AB Phenoxan (I) as prepared in a medium containing Polyangium DSM 6270 is claimed. Pharmaceuticals containing I for the treatment of diseases caused by fungi or parasites (no data) are claimed. A bioreactor was charged with a nutrient medium and Polyangium PI VO19 and aerated to give I. I had activity as antibiotic and fungicide.

IC ICM C07D413-04

ICS A01N043-76; A61K031-42; C12P017-16

ICI C07D413-04, C07D309-30, C07D263-32; C12P017-16, C12R001-01

Ι

CC 28-6 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) Section cross-reference(s): 1, 10, 16

L35 ANSWER 7 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:563856 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:163856

TITLE: Fermentatively manufactured phenoxan for the treatment

of viral diseases

INVENTOR(S): Hunsmann, Gerhard; Jurkiwicz, Elke; Reichenbach, Hans;

Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus; Irschik, Herbert; Kunze, Brigitte; Sasse, Florenz; Hoefle,

Gerhard; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.,

Germany; Deutsches Primatenzentrum G.m.b.H.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 7 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| DE 4041281 | A1 | 19920702 | DE 1990-4041281 | 19901221 |
| DE 4041281 | C2 | 19950309 | | |
| WO 9211006 | A1 | 19920709 | WO 1991-EP2481 | 19911220 |
| W: JP, US | | | | |

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1990-4041281 A 19901221 GI

AB Phenoxan (I), prepared by fermentation of Polyangium, is a virucide. I is suitable for treatment of retroviral diseases, such as AIDS. At 6.6 μ M, I totally inhibited the infection of MT-4 cells (Harada et al., 1986) by human immunodeficiency virus 1.

Ι

IC ICM A61K031-42

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 16

L35 ANSWER 8 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:530034 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

115:130034

TITLE:

Fermentative manufacture of fungicidal

nitrogen-containing ambruticines

INVENTOR(S):

Bedorf, Norbert; Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus; Hoefle,

Gerhard; Irschik, Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Kunze, Brigitte; Reichenbach, Hans; Sasse,

Florenz; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.

(GBF), Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| ~ | | | |
| WO 9100860 | A1 19910124 | WO 1990-EP1082 | 19900705 |
| W: JP, US | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, CH, | DE, DK, ES, FR, | GB, IT, LU, NL, SE | |
| DE 3922283 | C1 19910516 | DE 1989-3922283 | 19890706 |
| EP 438554 | A1 19910731 | EP 1990-910646 | 19900705 |
| EP 438554 | B1 19940608 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, | DE, DK, ES, FR, | GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | |
| JP 03503773 | T2 19910822 | JP 1990-510287 | 19900705 |
| AT 106880 | E 19940615 | AT 1990-910646 | 19900705 |
| ES 2055914 | T3 19940901 | ES 1990-910646 | 19900705 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1989-3922283 A 19890706

EP 1990-910646 A 19900705 WO 1990-EP1082 W 19900705

Ι

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 115:130034

GI

$$-O_2CCH_2$$
 O O_1 O_2 O_2 O_3 O_4 $O_$

AB The N-containing ambruticins I (R = NMe3, NHMe2, NH2Me, NH3) and their salts are prepared as agrochem. and medical fungicides, by the fermentation of Sorangium

cellulosum. Aerobic fermentation of S. cellulosum, in the presence of Amberlite

XAD-1180 gave a mixture of I, which was eluted from the resin with MeOH. I inhibited the growth of Botrytis cinerea, Candida albicans, other fungi and yeasts, in vitro.

IC ICM C07D309-22

ICS A61K031-35; A01N043-16

CC 5-2 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)
Section cross-reference(s): 16, 63

L35 ANSWER 9 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:205552 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:205552

TITLE: Manufacture of antibiotic nannochelins with Nannocystics exedens and its purification

INVENTOR(S): Reichenbach, Hans; Bedorf, Norbert; Forche, Edgar;

Gerth, Klaus; Hoefle, Gerhard; Irschik, Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Kunze, Brigitte;

Sasse, Florenz; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.

(GBF), Germany

SOURCE: Ger., 4 pp.

CODEN: GWXXAW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| DE 3932095 | C1 | 19901025 | DE 1989-3932095 | 19890926 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | DE 1989-3932095 | 19890926 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 114:205552

GI

AB Nannochelins ([I]; R1, R2 = independently Me, H) are manufactured by fermentation of

Ι

Nannocystis exedens and purified chromatog. These compds. are active as antibiotics against Gram-pos. bacteria. N. exedens were cultured in a peptone/salts culture medium for 3-4 days at 30°. I was recovered by stirring the ion-exchange resin XAD into the medium and eluting bound material with a MeOH/H2O mixture followed by elution with MeOH. This second eluate contained I, and after extraction with benzene and concentration this

was fractionated by chromatog. on Sephadex LH-20, followed by chromatog. on Vieselogol RP018 and XAD resin to recover nannochelins A, B, and C. In vivo testing showed the compds. to be effective against Brevibacterium ammoniagenes (min. inhibitory concentration 1.5 $\mu g/mL)$ and Staphylococcus aureus at 25 $\mu g/mL$. The compds. also showed some activity against yeast and Escherichia coli.

IC ICM C07C259-06

ICS C12N001-20; A61K031-71; C07C233-51; C12P013-02

CC 16-4 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 10

L35 ANSWER 10 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:457461 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1990:45/461

TITLE:

113:57461

INVENTOR (S):

Fungicidal steroids from Trichoderma Reichenbach, Hans; Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus;

Irschik, Herbert; Kunze, Brigitte; Sasse,

Florenz; Hoefle, Gerhard; Augustiniak, Hermann;

Bedorf, Norbert; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.

(GBF), Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 9 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 3823068 A1 19900111 DE 1988-3823068 19880707 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1988-3823068 19880707

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 113:57461

GI

I, R=COCH (NHSO3Na) CH (OH) CHMe2

II, R=H

AB Ergokonins A (I) and B (II) are produced by fermentation with Trichoderma koningii. Thus, a preculture was inoculated into 70 L medium containing 25 g melt extract, 5 g cellulose, and 3 g peptone/L and incubated at 30° with stirring and aeration for 5 days. The initial pH was brought to 5.5 with HOAc and maintained with HOAc during fermentation. The products were isolated by solvent extraction and purified by chromatog. on silica gel and DEAE-cellulose and by HPLC. Yields of I and II were 46 and 280 mg, resp. I and II inhibited yeast and mycelial fungi, with I having .apprx.10-fold the activity of II.

IC ICM C07J009-00

ICS C12N001-20; B01D011-04; B01D015-08

ICI C12P001-02, C12R001-885

CC 16-2 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)

L35 ANSWER 11 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:438902 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:38902

TITLE: Antibiotic So ce38-A

INVENTOR(S): Reichenbach, Hans; Forche, Edgar; Gerth, Klaus;

Irschik, Herbert; Kunze, Brigitte; Sasse,
Florenz; Hoefle, Gerhard; Bedorf, Norbert;

Jansen, Rolf; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H.

(GBF), Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 4 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 3823067 A1 19900111 DE 1988-3823067 19880707 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1988-3823067 19880707

AB Antibiotic So ce38-A (I) is produced by fermentation with Sorangium cellulosum. Thus, a preculture was inoculated into 60 L pH 7.4 medium containing 0.5% glucose, 0.5% Probion, 0.05% MgSO4, and 0.05% CaCl2 and incubated at 32° with stirring and aeration. After 4 days, 0.5% glucose was added and fermentation was continued for 2 days. I was extracted from the

cell and
medium with organic solvents and purified by ion-exchange chromatog. and mol.
exclusion chromatog. The yield of I was 1.5 g. It inhibited yeasts and
filamentous fungi.

IC ICM C12P001-04

ICS C07G011-00: A61K035-74

ICA C12N001-20

CC 16-2 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry)

L35 ANSWER 12 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:163434 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:163434

TITLE: Antibiotics from gliding bacteria. 25. The

corallopyronins, new inhibitors of bacterial RNA

synthesis from Myxobacteria

AUTHOR(S): Irschik, H.; Jansen, R.; Hoefle,

G.; Gerth, K.; Reichenbach, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Microbiol., GBF, Ges. Biotechnol. Forsch.,

Braunschweig, D-3300, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Journal of Antibiotics (1985), 38(2), 145-52

CODEN: JANTAJ; ISSN: 0021-8820

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI

I. R=H

II, R=Me

AB From the culture broth of the myxobacterium, Corallococcus (Myxococcus) coralloides, 3 new antibiotics were isolated: corallopyronins A (I), B

(II), and C (III). The compds., which are chemical related to the recently discovered myxopyronins, act mainly on gram-pos. bacteria, with min. inhibitory concns. (MIC) values of 0.1-10 μ g/mL, and only exceptionally or at much higher concns. (MIC \geq 100 μ g/mL) on gram-negatives. They do not inhibit eukaryotic organisms and show no toxicity for mice when administered s.c. The corallopyronins appear to block specifically eubacterial RNA polymerase. 10-1 (Microbial Biochemistry)

L35 ANSWER 13 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:572497 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:172497

TITLE: The myxalamids, new antibiotics from Myxococcus

xanthus (Myxobacterales). I. Production, physico-chemical and biological properties, and

mechanism of action

AUTHOR(S): Gerth, K.; Jansen, R.; Reifenstahl, G.;

Hoefle, G.; Irschik, H.; Kunze, B.;

Reichenbach, H.; Thierbach, G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Abt. Mikrobiol., Ges. Biotechnol. Forsch.,

Braunschweig, D-3300, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Journal of Antibiotics (1983), 36(9), 1150-6

CODEN: JANTAJ; ISSN: 0021-8820

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB From the cell mass and culture supernatant fraction of M. xanthus strain Mx X12, an antibiotic activity against yeasts, molds, and some gram-pos. bacteria could be extracted It consisted of 4 biol. active compds. which were named myxalamid A, B, C, and D. The main component, myxalamid B, blocked the submitochondrial particle respiratory chain of beef heart at the site of complex I, i.e. NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase. The myxalamids are new antibiotics.

CC 10-1 (Microbial Biochemistry)

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L29 88 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("IRSCHIK H"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBERT"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBERT DIPL BIOL"/AU OR "IRSCHIK HERBET"/AU)

L30

225 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("JANSEN R"/AU OR "JANSEN R
A"/AU OR "JANSEN R C"/AU OR "JANSEN R E"/AU OR "JANSEN R F"/AU
OR "JANSEN R H"/AU OR "JANSEN R H J"/AU OR "JANSEN R H S"/AU
OR "JANSEN R J"/AU OR "JANSEN R J E"/AU OR "JANSEN R J J"/AU
OR "JANSEN R K"/AU OR "JANSEN R L H"/AU OR "JANSEN R M W"/AU
OR "JANSEN R P"/AU OR "JANSEN R P M"/AU OR "JANSEN R P S"/AU
OR "JANSEN R T P"/AU OR "JANSEN R W"/AU OR "JANSEN R W M"/AU
OR "JANSEN R W M M"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF
P"/AU OR "JANSEN RALF PETER"/AU OR "JANSEN RALPH"/AU)

L31 72 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("SASSE F"/AU OR "SASSE F
J"/AU OR "SASSE FLORENZ"/AU)

L32 22 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("BAASNER S"/AU OR "BAASNER SIIKE"/AU OR "BAASNER SILKE"/AU)

L33 14 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("GUNTER E"/AU OR "GUNTER E

J"/AU OR "GUNTER E N"/AU OR "GUNTER E W"/AU OR "GUNTER

ECKHARD"/AU)

L40 7815 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BENIGN?/OBI

L41 3 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND (L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33)

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L41 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:53914 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:150233

TITLE: Preparation of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydrocarbazoles as

gonadotropin-releasing hormone receptor (LHRH)

antagonist

INVENTOR(S): Paulini, Klaus; Gerlach, Matthias; Guenther, Eckhard;

Polymeropoulos, Emmanuel; Baasner, Silke;

Schmidt, Peter; Kuehne, Ronald; Soederhaell, Arvid

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zentaris G.m.b.H., Germany; Solvay Pharmaceuticals

B.V.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | | | | KIND DATE | | | | APPL | ICAT | ION | | DATE | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-----------------|-----|-----------|-----|------|------|------|------|-------|-----------|--------|----------|-----|------|-----|
| WO 2 | 00600 | 5484 | | A1 | - | 2006 | 0119 | | WO 2 | 005-1 | EP72: | 55 | - | 2 | 0050 | 705 |
| 1 | W: A | E, AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU, | AZ, | ВA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BW, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, |
| | C | N, CO, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | EG, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, |
| | G | E, GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KM, | KP, | KR, | KZ, |
| | L | C, LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | ΜZ, | NA, |
| | N | G, NI, | NO, | NZ, | OM, | PG, | PH, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SC, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SK, |
| | S | L, SM, | SY, | ΤJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | TZ, | UA, | UG, | US, | UZ, | VC, | VN, | YU, |
| | Z. | A, ZM, | ZW | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RW: A | T, BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | IE, |
| | I | S, IT, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MC, | NL, | PL, | PT, | RO, | SE, | SI, | SK, | TR, | BF, | ВJ, |
| | C | F, CG, | CI, | CM, | GA, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG, | BW, | GH, |
| | G | M, KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | NA, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, |
| | K | G, KZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE 1 | 02004 | 033902 | | A1 | | 2006 | 0216 | | DE 2 | 004- | 1020 | 0403 | 3902 | 2 | 0040 | 714 |
| US 2 | 00601 | 4818 | | A1 | | 2006 | 0119 | | US 2 | 005- | 1721 | 42 | | 2 | 0050 | 630 |
| PRIORITY | APPLN | . INFO | . : | | | | | | DE 2 | 004- | 1020 | 0403 | 3902 | A 2 | 0040 | 714 |
| | | | | | | | | | US 2 | 004- | 5879 | 69P | | P 2 | 0040 | 714 |
| | | | | | | | | | US 2 | 005- | 6831 | 78P | | P 2 | 0050 | 520 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | | | | MAR | PAT | 144: | 1502 | 33 | | | | | | | | |

GI

-

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds. I [X1 = S, O; X2, X3 = O with provisos; R1, R2 = H, aryl, alkyl, etc.; R3 = alkyl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl, etc.; R4, R5, R6, R7 = H, halo, CN, etc.; R9 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R10 = R11, COR11, CO2R11, etc.; R11 = alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R8 = alkylaryl, alkylheteroaryl, etc.;] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared For example, tetrahydrocarbazole II was prepared via solid phase synthesis from FmocValOH in 14% yield. In LHRH receptor binding assays, 7-examples of compds. I exhibited EC50 values ranging from 80-1.0 x 10-10 M.

IC ICM C07D209-82

ICS A61K031-403; A61P015-00; A61P035-00; A61P043-00

CC 27-11 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT Prostate gland, disease

(benign hyperplasia, treatment of; preparation of

tetrahydrocarbazoles as gonadotropin-releasing hormone receptor (LHRH) antagonist)

IT Hyperplasia

(benign prostatic, treatment of; preparation of

tetrahydrocarbazoles as gonadotropin-releasing hormone receptor (LHRH)

antagonist)

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252340 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:264487

TITLE: Medicaments containing disorazoles and derivatives

thereof for the treatment of benign and

malignant tumors

INVENTOR(S): Irschik, Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Sasse,

Florenz; Baasner, Silke; Schmidt,

Peter; Gunther, Eckhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zentaris GmbH, Germany SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | | | | KIND DATE | | | | APPL | ICAT: | ION 1 | NO. | | DATE | | | | |
|------------|-------|------|------|-----------|-----------|-----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-----|------------|------|-----|
| WO | 2004 | 0241 | 49 | | A1 | _ | 2004 | 0325 | 1 | WO 2 | 003-1 | EP93: | 29 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| | W: | AT, | AU, | BR, | BY, | CA, | CN, | CO, | GE, | HR, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KR, | ΚZ, |
| | | LT, | LV, | MK, | MX, | NO, | NZ, | PH, | PL, | RU, | SG, | UA, | UΖ, | YU, | z_{A} | | |
| | RW: | AM, | ΑZ, | BY, | KG, | KZ, | MD, | RU, | ТJ, | TM, | ΑT, | BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DΕ, |
| | | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | ΙE, | IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | RO, | SE, |
| | | SI, | SK, | TR | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CA | 2438 | 001 | | | AA | | 2004 | 0224 | | CA 2 | 003- | 2438 | 001 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| AU | 2003 | 2968 | 72 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0430 | | AU 2 | 003- | 2968 | 72 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| US | 2004 | 1066 | 62 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0603 | • | US 2 | 003- | 6469 | 04 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| EP | 1536 | 789 | | | A1 | | 2005 | 0608 | | EP 2 | 003- | 7949 | 20 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR, | IT, | LI, | LU, | ΝL, | SE, | MC, | PT, |
| | | IE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FI, | RO, | MK, | CY, | TR, | BG, | CZ, | EE, | HU, | SK | | |
| BR | 2003 | 0137 | 89 | | Α | | 2005 | 0705 | | BR 2 | 003- | 1378 | 9 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| | 1678 | | | | | | 2005 | 1005 | | CN 2 | 003- | 8200 | 93 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| JP | 2006 | 5003 | 98 | | T2 | | 2006 | 0105 | 1 | JP 2 | 004- | 5351 | 40 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| ZA | 2005 | 0011 | 96 | | Α | | 2005 | 0901 | | ZA 2 | 005- | 1196 | | | 2 | 0050 | 210 |
| NO | 2005 | 0014 | 44 | | Α | | 2005 | 0519 | : | NO 2 | 005- | 1444 | | | 2 | 0050 | 318 |
| PRIORIT | Y APP | LN. | INFO | . : | | | | | | US 2 | 002- | 4055 | 94 P |] | P 2 | 0020 | 824 |
| | | | | | | | | | 1 | WO 2 | 003-1 | EP93 | 29 | 1 | <i>N</i> 2 | 0030 | 822 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:264487

AB The invention discloses disorazole compds. which are used as medicaments, preferably in the treatment of tumors, especially in the case of drug resistance

and in metastasizing carcinoma. Possible uses thereof are not restricted to tumor diseases.

IC ICM A61K031-424

```
ICS C07D498-22; C07D498-18
     1-6 (Pharmacology)
CC
     Inflammation
IT
        (Crohn's disease; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Intestine, disease
        (Crohn's; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Ovary, neoplasm
        (adenocarcinoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
ΙT
     Allergy
     Eye, disease
     Inflammation
        (allergic conjunctivitis; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Allergy
     Inflammation
     Nose, disease
        (allergic rhinitis; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Drug resistance
        (antitumor; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents)
IT
     Lung, neoplasm
        (carcinoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases)
ΙT
     Uterus, neoplasm
        (cervix, carcinoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
        (cervix; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases)
ΙT
     Carcinoma
        (colon adenocarcinoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Intestine, neoplasm
        (colon, adenocarcinoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
ΙT
     Intestine, neoplasm
        (colon; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases)
ΙT
     AIDS (disease)
     Allergy
     Allergy inhibitors
     Analgesics
     Anti-AIDS agents
     Anti-infective agents
     Anti-inflammatory agents
     Antiarteriosclerotics
     Antiarthritics
     Antiasthmatics
     Antimalarials
     Antipyretics
     Antitumor agents
     Arteriosclerosis
     Arthritis
     Asthma
     Brain, neoplasm
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Cachexia Drug delivery systems Eczema Eosinophil Gastrointestinal agents Human Infection Inflammation Keratosis Kidney, neoplasm Liver, neoplasm Lung, neoplasm Malaria Mammary gland, neoplasm Multiple sclerosis Neoplasm Nervous system agents Ovary, neoplasm Pancreas, neoplasm Prostate gland, neoplasm Psoriasis Respiratory system, disease Skin, neoplasm (disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Cell cycle Cytotoxic agents Immunomodulators Multidrug resistance (disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents) Antibodies and Immunoglobulins RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents) Drug delivery systems (emulsions; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Drug delivery systems (foams; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Neuroglia, neoplasm (qlioblastoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Drug delivery systems (implants; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Fever and Hyperthermia Pain (infection-related; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Signal transduction, biological (inhibitors; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents) Drug delivery systems (ointments; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases) Carcinoma

ΙT

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IT

IT

TT

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(ovarian adenocarcinoma; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (pastes; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Medical goods
        (plasters; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases)
ΙT
     Disease, animal
        (proliferative; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Carcinoma
        (pulmonary; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Antitumor agents
        (resistance to; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (solns.; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (suspensions; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign
        and malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     Tubulins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (β-, polymerization; disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of
        benign and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with
        other agents)
ΙT
     158181-56-7, Disorazole E1
                                  674799-35-0
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases)
IT
     50-18-0, Cyclophosphamide
                                 51-21-8, 5-FU 57-22-7, Vincristine
     59-05-2, Methotrexate
                            3778-73-2, Ifosfamide
                                                     15663-27-1, Cisplatin
     23214-92-8, Doxorubicin 33069-62-4, Paclitaxel
                                                        41575-94-4, Carboplatin
     53643-48-4, Vindesine
                           114977-28-5, Docetaxel
                                                      158181-47-6, Disorazole
    A1
          158181-54-5, Disorazole D1
                                      180288-69-1, Herceptin
                                                                 184475-35-2.
              220127-57-1, Glivec
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and
        malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         4
                               THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L41 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:20666 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:77166
TITLE:
                         Preparation of arylcarbonylpiperazines and
                         heteroarylcarbonylpiperazines for treating
                         benign and malignant tumor diseases
                         Emig, Peter; Gerlach, Matthias; Polymeropoulos,
INVENTOR (S):
                         Emmanuel; Mueller, Gilbert; Schmidt, Peter;
                         Baasner, Silke; Guenther, Eckhard
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Zentaris Gmbh, Germany
                         PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
```

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA' | | | | | KIND DATE | | | | APPLICATION NO. | | | | | | DATE | | | |
|---------|-------|------|------|-----|-----------|-----|------|-------|-----------------|----|--------|------|--------|-----|------|------|-----|--|
| WO | | | | | | | | | | wo | 2003- | EP65 | 55 | | 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| | W: | AU, | BR, | BY, | CA, | CN, | CO, | GE, | HR, | HU | , ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KR, | ΚZ, | |
| | | LT, | LV, | MK, | MX, | NO, | NZ, | PH, | PL, | RO | , RU, | SG, | UA, | UZ, | YU, | ZA | | |
| | RW: | AM, | AZ, | BY, | KG, | KZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM | I, AT, | BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | |
| | | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | ΙE | , IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | RO, | SE, | |
| | | SI, | SK, | TR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AU | 2003 | 2465 | 71 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0119 | | AU | 2003- | 2465 | 71 | | 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| EP | 1517 | 898 | | | A1 | | 2005 | 0330 | | ΕP | 2003- | 7614 | 82 | | 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR | , IT, | LI, | LU, | NL, | SE, | MC, | PT, | |
| | | ΙE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FI, | RO, | MK, | CY, | AL | , TR, | BG, | CZ, | EE, | ΗU, | SK | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 2003- | | | | | | | |
| CN | 1665 | 792 | | | Α | | 2005 | 0907 | 1 | CN | 2003- | 8154 | 85 | | 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| NZ | 5379 | 16 | | | Α | | 2005 | 1125 | | NZ | 2003- | 5379 | 16 | | 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| JP | 2005 | 5389 | 68 | | T2 | | 2005 | 1222 | 1 | JP | 2004- | 5166 | 32 | | 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| | 2433 | | | | AA | | 2003 | 1229 | 1 | CA | 2003- | 2433 | 983 | | 2 | 0030 | 627 | |
| US | 2004 | 0977 | | | | | | 0520 | | | 2003- | | | | | 0030 | 627 | |
| ZA | 2004 | 0096 | 10 | | Α | | 2005 | 0418 | | ZA | 2004- | 9610 | | | 2 | 0041 | 126 | |
| NO | 2005 | 0004 | 28 | | Α | | 2005 | 0125 | | ИО | 2005- | 428 | | | 2 | 0050 | 125 | |
| PRIORIT | Y APP | LN. | INFO | . : | | | | | | | 2002- | | | | | 0020 | 629 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | WO | 2003- | EP65 | 55 | | W 2 | 0030 | 620 | |
| OTHER S | OURCE | (S): | | | MAR | PAT | 140: | 77166 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |

GI

- Title compds. [I; R1 = (substituted) fluoren-9-one, isoxazolyl, AB cinnolinyl, isothiazolyl, isoquinolinyl, 9H-fluorenyl, 9H-xanthenyl, 1H-pyrazolyl; R2 = O, S; R3 = H, (substituted) alkyl, halo, CO2H, CONH2; R4 = (substituted) (hetero) aryl, alkylaryl, alkylhetaryl; m, n = 0-3],were prepared Thus, 9-fluorenone-4-carbonyl chloride in DMF was successively treated with N-methylmorpholine, 1-(3,5dimethoxyphenyl)piperazine, and 1-benzotriazolyltripyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate followed by stirring for 12 h at room temperature to give 79,3% 4-[4-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)piperazine-1-carbonyl]fluoren-9-one. The latter inhibited proliferation in XTT cytotoxicity test in human tumor cells with EC50 = $0,2-0,555 \mu g/mL$.
- IC ICM C07D241-04
 - ICS C07D405-06; C07D403-06; C07D417-06; C07D413-06; A61K031-497; A61P035-04
- CC 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63
- IT
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(polymerization, inhibition of; preparation of arylcarbonylpiperazines and heteroarylcarbonylpiperazines for treating **benign** and malignant tumor diseases)

IT Antitumor agents

Human

(preparation of arylcarbonylpiperazines and heteroarylcarbonylpiperazines for treating **benign** and malignant tumor diseases)

IT Neoplasm

(treatment; preparation of arylcarbonylpiperazines and heteroarylcarbonylpiperazines for treating **benign** and malignant tumor diseases)

TT 640286-86-8P 640286-87-9P 640286-88-0P 640286-89-1P 640286-90-4P 640286-91-5P 640286-92-6P 640286-93-7P 640286-94-8P 640286-95-9P 640286-96-0P 640286-98-2P 640286-97-1P 640286-99-3P 640287-00-9P 640287-01-0P 640287-02-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of arylcarbonylpiperazines and heteroarylcarbonylpiperazines for treating **benign** and malignant tumor diseases)

IT 82-07-5, Xanthene-9-carboxylic acid 1133-77-3 7071-83-2,

9-Fluorenone-4-carbonyl chloride 16015-71-7, 1-(3-

Methoxyphenyl)piperazine 53557-93-0, 1-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)piperazine RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of arylcarbonylpiperazines and heteroarylcarbonylpiperazines for treating **benign** and malignant tumor diseases)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

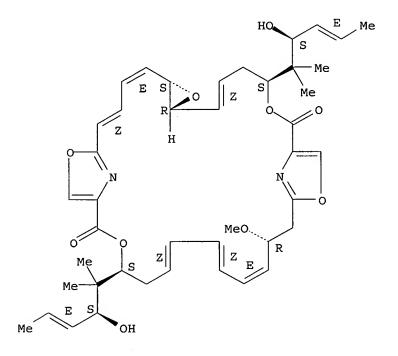
CASREACT 137:325255

GI

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB A highly convergent asym. synthesis of the masked southern segment of the antimitotic agent disorazole Al, I, involves a Sonogashira coupling between a C1'-C10' enyme II and a suitably protected C11'-C19' vinyl iodide III. The central E,Z,Z-triene moiety is masked as a more stable ynediene.
- CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione, 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.



- RN 158181-52-3 CAPLUS
- CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione, 4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-,

AB The stereoselective synthesis of the masked northern half (I) of the antimitotic natural product disorazole Al is described involving as key step a Z-selective Wittig olefination of a C1-C11 epoxy aldehyde with a C12-C19 phosphonium iodide.

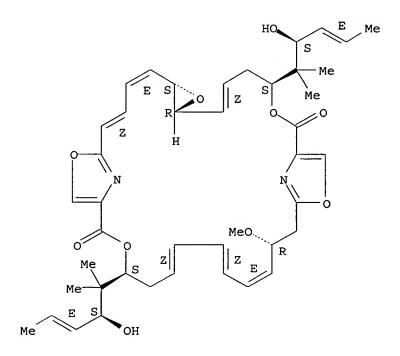
IT 158181-47-6P, Disorazole A1

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)
 (asym. synthesis of the masked northern half of disorazole Al via
 Z-selective Wittig olefination)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.



REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:640974 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:325255

TITLE: Toward the Total Synthesis of Disorazole A1 and C1:

Asymmetric Synthesis of a Masked Southern Segment

AUTHOR(S): Hartung, Ingo V.; Niess, Barbara; Haustedt, Lars Ole;

Hoffmann, H. Martin R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, University of

Hannover, Hannover, D-30167, Germany

SOURCE: Organic Letters (2002), 4(19), 3239-3242

CODEN: ORLEF7; ISSN: 1523-7060

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:732771 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:41931

TITLE: Toward the total synthesis of disorazole A1:

Asymmetric synthesis of the masked northern half AUTHOR (S):

Hartung, Ingo V.; Eggert, Ulrike; Haustedt, Lars Ole;

Niess, Barbara; Schaefer, Peter M.; Hoffmann, H.

Ι

Martin R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, University of

Hannover, Hannover, 30167, Germany Synthesis (2003), (12), 1844-1850

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:41931

GI

SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE: GBF, Department of Natural Product Biology, German

Research Centre for Biotechnology, Braunschweig,

D-38124, Germany

SOURCE: Biochemical Pharmacology (2004), 67(5), 927-935

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Disorazol A1, a macrocyclic polyketide compound that is produced by the ΔR mycobacterium Sorangium cellulosum showed a remarkably high cytostatic activity. It inhibited the proliferation of different cancer cell lines including a multidrug-resistant KB line at low picomolar levels. presence of disorazol A1, the nuclei of the cells increased in size and the cells often became multinucleate. Low concns. of disorazol (<100 pM) induced an apoptotic process, characterized by enhanced caspase-3 activity and DNA laddering, and abnormal, multipolar mitotic spindles. Low concns. also induced an accumulation of p53 protein in the nucleus. At higher concns., we observed an accumulation of the cells in the G2/M-phase of the cell cycle, and a depletion of microtubules. In vitro, disorazol A1 inhibited the polymerization of tubulin in a concentration-dependent manner and independently of microtubule-associated proteins. Correspondingly it induced a complete depolymn. of microtubules prepared in vitro. Formation of defined degradation structures was not observed Disorazol is a novel, highly effective antimitotic agent. Efforts are going on to develop it as an anticancer drug.

IT 158181-47-6, Disorazol A

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(disorazol A1 acting on tubulin polymerization and inducing apoptosis in mammalian cells)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione, 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

RN 158181-54-5 CAPLUS CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,8,10,14(34),16,22,26,28,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione, 24,25-dihydroxy-4,20-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-12-methoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:111554 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:385603

TITLE:

Disorazol A1, a highly effective antimitotic agent acting on tubulin polymerization and inducing

apoptosis in mammalian cells

AUTHOR (S):

Elnakady, Yasser A.; Sasse, Florenz; Lunsdorf,

Heinrich; Reichenbach, Hans

IT 158181-47-6, Disorazole Al 158181-54-5, Disorazole Dl
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases, and use with other agents)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

WO 2003-EP9329

V 20030822

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:264487

AB The invention discloses disorazole compds. which are used as medicaments, preferably in the treatment of tumors, especially in the case of drug resistance

and in metastasizing carcinoma. Possible uses thereof are not restricted to tumor diseases.

IT 158181-56-7, Disorazole E1 674799-35-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(disorazoles and derivs. for treatment of benign and malignant tumors and other diseases)

RN 158181-56-7 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h
 exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),21,26,32-nonaene-14,31-dione,
 12,29-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 674799-35-0 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,24,30,34-Hexaoxa-35,36-diazapentacyclo[30.2.1.115,18.06,8.023,25]h exatriaconta-1(35),2,4,9,15,18(36),21,26,32-nonaene-14,31-dione, 12-[(3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-29-[(3E)-2-methoxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-, (2Z,4E,6R,8S,9Z,21E,23R,25S,26Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

Currently available stereo shown.

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:252340 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:264487

TITLE: Medicaments containing disorazoles and derivatives

thereof for the treatment of benign and malignant

tumors

Irschik, Herbert; Jansen, Rolf; Sasse, Florenz; INVENTOR(S):

Baasner, Silke; Schmidt, Peter; Gunther, Eckhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zentaris GmbH, Germany PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA' | | | | | KIND DATE | | | APPLICATION NO. | | | | | | D. | DATE | | |
|---------|-------|------|------------|-----|-----------|-----|------|-----------------|-----|----|----------------|-----------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|
| WO | 2004 | 0241 | 19 | | | | 2004 | 0325 | 1 | WO | 2003- | EP93: | 29 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| | W: | - | | - | | | | | | | , ID, | • | • | | | • | KZ, |
| | RW: | • | | | | | | • | • | | , SG, , AT, | • | • | • | | | DE, |
| | | - | EE, SK, | - | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | ΙE | , IT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | RO, | SE, |
| CA | 2438 | • | • | | AA | | 2004 | 0224 | (| CA | 2003- | 2438 | 001 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| AU | 2003 | 2968 | 72 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0430 | 1 | AU | 2003- | 2968 | 72 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| US | 2004 | 1066 | 52 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0603 | 1 | US | 2003- | 6469 | 04 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| EP | 1536 | 789 | | | A1 | | 2005 | 0608 |] | ΕP | 2003- | 7949 | 20 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| | R: | AT, | BE, | CH, | DE, | DK, | ES, | FR, | GB, | GR | , IT, | LI, | LU, | NL, | SE, | MC, | PT, |
| | | ΙE, | SI, | LT, | LV, | FI, | RO, | MK, | CY, | TR | , BG, | CZ, | EE, | HU, | SK | | |
| BR | 2003 | 0137 | 39 | | A | | 2005 | 0705 | 1 | BR | 2003- | 1378 | 9 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| CN | 1678 | 310 | | | Α | | 2005 | 1005 | (| CN | 2003- | 8200 | 93 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| JP | 2006 | 5003 | | | | | | | | JP | 2004- | 5351 | 40 | | 2 | 0030 | 822 |
| | 2005 | | | | | | | 0901 | | | 2005- | | | | | 0050 | 210 |
| ИО | 2005 | 0014 | 44 | | | | | |] | NO | 2005- | 1444 | | | 2 | 0050 | 318 |
| PRIORIT | Y APP | LN. | INFO | .: | | | | | 1 | US | 2002- | 4055 | 94P | | P 2 | 0020 | 824 |

CL02 and CP70 as against the corresponding sensitive cells.

IT 158181-47-6, Disorazole Al 158181-48-7, Disorazole A2

RL: NPO (Natural product occurrence); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)

(isolation of antibiotics effective on multidrug-resistant cancer cells from Sorangium cellulosum)

RN 158181-47-6 CAPLUS

CN 7,13,17,29,33-Pentaoxa-34,35-diazatetracyclo[29.2.1.115,18.06,8]pentatriac onta-1(34),2,4,9,15,18(35),21,23,25,31-decaene-14,30-dione, 12,28-bis(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl)-20-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

RN 158181-48-7 CAPLUS

6,8,10,14(34),16,22,24,26,30(33),32-decaene-2,18-dione, 4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-, (4S,6Z,8Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,24Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:387479 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:16295

TITLE: Isolation of antibiotics effective on

multidrug-resistant cancer cells from Sorangium

cellulosum (Myxobacteria)

AUTHOR(S): Ahn, Jong-Woong; Lee, Chong-Ock

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Ocean Science, Korea Maritime University,

Pusan, 606-791, S. Korea

SOURCE: Han'guk Misaengmul-Saengmyongkong Hakhoechi (2004),

32(1), 47-51

CODEN: HMHAAS; ISSN: 1598-642X

PUBLISHER: Korean Society for Microbiology and Biotechnology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Korean

AB Drug resistance is one of the most significant impediments to successful chemotherapy of cancer. Multidrug-resistance is characterized by decreased cellular sensitivity to anticancer agents due to the overexpression of P-glycoprotein. By using adriamycin-resistance CL02 cancer cells, we undertook the screening for agents which were effective to multidrug-resistant cancer cells from strains of the species Sorangium cellulosum isolated in our laboratory Sorangium cellulosum,

cellulose-degrading

myxobacteria have recently proved to be a rich source of novel anticancer agents. One of the significant examples is the promising anticancer agent epothilone. JW1006 is the first strain of Sorangium cellulosum which was selected by us for the isolation of a metabolite by a biol. screening because of a high cytotoxic activity against the CL02 cancer cells. Cytotoxicity-guided chromatog. fractionation of the culture broth led to the isolation of two active principles, disorazole A1 and A2. They showed potent cytotoxicity against CL02 cancer cells with IC50 values in the picomolar range, and were as active against drug-resistant cancer cells

PAGE 1-B

RN 809285-88-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,10,14(34),16,22,26,30(33),32-octaene-8,24-diyne-2,18-dione,4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-12,28-dimethoxy-,(4S,6Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

IT 158181-52-3P, Disorazole C1

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (total synthesis of (-)-disorazole C1)

RN 158181-52-3 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-

AB The antimitotic natural product disorazole C1 (I) was isolated in 1994 from the fermentation broth of the myxobacterium Sorangium cellulosum. The authors have developed a highly convergent and stereoselective total synthesis of this compound which establishes its relative and absolute configuration. Key features of our synthesis include a highly convergent strategy and selective functional group manipulations that minimize decomposition of the sensitive polyene macrodiolide.

IT 809285-62-9P 809285-88-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

Ι

(total synthesis of (-)-disorazole C1)

RN 809285-62-9 CAPLUS

CN 3,15,19,31-Tetraoxa-33,34-diazatricyclo[28.2.1.114,17]tetratriaconta-6,10,14(34),16,22,26,30(33),32-octaene-8,24-diyne-2,18-dione,
12,28-dimethoxy-4,20-bis[(2S,3E)-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]-1,1-dimethyl-3-pentenyl]-, (4S,6Z,10E,12R,20S,22Z,26E,28R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.